§ 682.500

- (1) Guaranty agency-related activities, including—
 - (i) Application processing;
 - (ii) Loan disbursement;
- (iii) Enrollment and repayment status management;
 - (iv) Default aversion activities;
 - (v) Default collection activities;
 - (vi) School and lender training;
- (vii) Financial aid awareness and related outreach activities; and
 - (viii) Compliance monitoring; and
- (2) Other student financial aid-related activities for the benefit of students, as selected by the guaranty agency.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1072-2) [64 FR 58635, Oct. 29, 1999]

Subpart E—Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Programs

§682.500 Circumstances under which loans may be guaranteed by the Secretary.

- (a) The Secretary may guarantee
- (1) FISL, Federal SLS, and Federal PLUS loans made by lenders located in a State in which no State or private nonprofit guaranty agency has in effect an agreement with the Secretary under §682.401 to serve as guarantor in that State;
- (2) Federal Consolidation loans made by the Student Loan Marketing Association and Federal Consolidation loans made by any other lender that has applied for and been denied guarantee coverage on Consolidation loans by the guaranty agency that guarantees the largest dollar volume of FFEL loans made by the lender; and
- (3) FISL, Federal SLS, Federal PLUS, and Federal Consolidation loans made by lenders located in a State in which a guaranty agency program is operating but is not reasonably accessible to students who meet the agency's residency requirements.
- (b) The Secretary may guarantee FISL, Federal SLS, Federal PLUS and Federal Consolidation loans made by a lender located in a State where a guaranty agency operates a program that is reasonably accessible to students who meet the residency requirements of that program only for—

- (1) A student who does not meet the agency's residency requirements;
- (2) A lender who is not able to obtain a guarantee from the guaranty agency for at least 80 percent of the loans the lender intends to make over a 12-month period because of the agency's residency requirements;
- (3) With the approval of the guaranty agency, a student who has previously received from the same lender a FISL loan that has not been repaid; or
- (4) All students at a school located in the State if the Secretary finds that—
- (i) No single guaranty agency program is reasonably accessible to students at that school as compared to students at other schools during a comparable period of time; and
- (ii) Guaranteeing loans made in the State to students attending that school would significantly increase the access of students at that school to FFEL Program loans. The Secretary may guarantee loans made to those students by a lender in that State if—
- (A) The guaranty agency does not recognize the school as being eligible, but the school is eligible under the FISL program; or
- (B) A majority of the persons enrolled at the school meet the conditions of student eligibility for FISL loans but are not recognized as eligible under the guaranty agency program.
- (c) For purposes of paragraph (b) of this section, a lender is considered to be located in the same State as a school if the lender—
- (1) Has an origination relationship with the school;
- (2) Has a majority of its voting stock held by the school; or
- (3) Has common ownership or management with the school and more than 50 percent of the loans made by that lender are made to students at that school.
- (d) As a condition for guaranteeing loans under the Federal FFEL programs, the Secretary may require the lender to submit evidence of circumstances that would justify loan guarantees under the provisions of this section.
- (e) With regard to a school lender that has entered into an agreement with the Secretary under §682.600, the Secretary denies loan guarantees on

the basis of this section only if the Secretary first determines that all eligible students at that school who make a conscientious effort to obtain a loan from another lender will find a loan to be reasonably available. For purposes of this paragraph, the determination of loan availability is based on studies and surveys that the Secretary considers satisfactory.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1071, 1073, 1078–1, 1078–2, 1078–3, 1082)

§ 682.501 Extent of Federal guarantee under the Federal GSL programs.

- (a) General. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the Secretary's guarantee liability on any Federal GSL loan is 100 percent of the unpaid principal balance and, to the extent permitted under §682.512, accrued interest.
- (b) Special provisions for State lenders.
 (1) Except as described in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, the Secretary's guarantee liability is less than 100 percent under the following conditions:
- (i) If the total of default claims under the Federal GSL programs paid by the Secretary to a State lender during any fiscal year reaches five percent of the amount of the Federal GSL loans in repayment at the end of the preceding fiscal year, the Secretary's guarantee liability on a claim subsequently paid during that fiscal year is 90 percent of the amount of the unpaid principal balance plus accrued interest.
- (ii) If the total of default claims under the Federal GSL programs paid by the Secretary to a State lender during any fiscal year reaches nine percent of the amount of the Federal GSL loans in repayment at the end of the preceding fiscal year, the Secretary's guarantee liability on a claim subsequently paid during that fiscal year is 80 percent of the amount of the unpaid principal balance plus accrued interest.
- (iii) For purposes of this paragraph, the total default claims paid by the Secretary during any fiscal year do not include paid claims filed by the lender under the provisions of §682.412(e) or §682.509.
- (2) The potential reduction in guarantee liability does not apply to a State lender during the first Federal fiscal year of its operation as a Federal

- GSL Program lender and during each of the four succeeding fiscal years.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, the term "amount of the Federal GSL loans in repayment" means the original principal amount of all loans guaranteed by the Secretary less—
- (i) The original principal amount of loans on which—
- (A) Under the FISL program, the borrower has not yet reached the repayment period:
- (B) Payment in full has been made by the borrower;
- (C) The borrower was in deferment status at the time repayment of principal was scheduled to begin and remains in deferment status; or
- (D) The Secretary has paid a claim filed under section 437 of the Act; and
- (ii) The amount paid by the Secretary for default claims on loans, exclusive of paid claims filed by the lender under § 682.412(e) or § 682.509.
- (4) For the purposes of this paragraph, payments by the Secretary on a loan that the original lender assigned to a subsequent holder are considered payments made to the original lender.
- (5) State lenders shall consolidate Federal GSL loans for the purpose of calculating the amount of the Secretary's guarantee liability under this section.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1077, 1078-1, 1078-2, 1078-3, 1082)

§ 682.502 The application to be a lender.

- (a) To be considered for participation in the Federal GSL programs, a lender shall submit an application to the Secretary.
- (b) In determining whether to enter into a guarantee agreement with an applicant, and, if so, what the terms of the agreement will be, the Secretary considers—
- (1) Whether the applicant meets the definition of an "eligible lender" in section 435(d) of the Act and the definition of "lender" in §682.200;
- (2) Whether the applicant is capable of complying with the regulations in this part as they apply to lenders;
- (3) Whether the applicant is capable of implementing adequate procedures for making, servicing, and collecting loans: